

**Basic Financial Statements** 

June 30, 2014 and 2013

(With Independent Auditors' Reports Thereon)

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#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

Vernon Kirk, Director of the Delaware State Lottery, and Tom Cook, Secretary of Finance, State of Delaware:

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Delaware State Lottery (the Lottery) an enterprise fund of the State of Delaware, which comprise the statements of net position as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, and the related statements of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position, and cash flows for the years ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Lottery's basic financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Delaware State Lottery as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, and the changes in its financial position, and its cash flows for the years then ended, in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements present only the Lottery enterprise fund and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of Delaware as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, the changes in its financial position or, where applicable, its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our opinion is not modified with respect to the matter.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3–8 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the *Governmental Accounting Standards Board* who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 22, 2014 on our consideration of the Lottery's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Lottery's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



October 22, 2014

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2014 and 2013

The management of the Delaware State Lottery (the Lottery) offers this narrative overview and analysis of the Lottery's financial activities for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, which should be read in conjunction with the Lottery's basic financial statements.

#### **Overview of the Basic Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Lottery's basic financial statements. Since the Lottery is an enterprise fund of the State of Delaware, these financial statements are presented in a manner similar to a private-sector business. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), current year's revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded as they are incurred, regardless of when the cash is received or disbursed.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Lottery's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position serve as a relative indicator of the change in financial position of the Lottery.

The statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position shows the result of the Lottery's total operations and reflects both operating and nonoperating activities. Changes in net position (increases or decreases) reflect the current fiscal year's operating impact upon the overall financial position of the Lottery.

The statement of cash flows provides a detailed analysis of all sources and uses of cash. The direct method of cash flows is presented, ending with a reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities. The statement of cash flows is divided into three Sections – operating, noncapital financing, and investing.

Notes to the basic financial statements contain additional information, and often offer explanations to the basic financial statements. The notes are intended to assist the reader in understanding the Lottery's basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2014 and 2013

#### **Condensed Net Position**

	June 30			
Assets		2014	2013	2012
Cash and investments Accounts receivable, net of allowance of	\$	3.1	3.5	6.9
\$0.8, \$0.7, and \$0.7, respectively		12.4	11.1	10.5
Investments		0.1	0.2	0.5
Due from State of Delaware		2.6	2.2	1.7
Deposit with Multi-State Lottery		2.6	2.4	2.4
Total assets	\$	20.8	19.4	22.0
<b>Liabilities and Net Position</b>				
Liabilities:				
Prizes liability, including \$0.1, \$0.2, and				
\$0.5, respectively, of prize installment				
obligation	\$	4.8	4.8	4.6
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		7.8	7.1	6.2
Due to the State of Delaware		1.6	1.5	5.6
Multi-State Lottery reserve		2.6	2.4	2.4
OPEB liability		3.0	2.6	2.2
Total liabilities		19.8	18.4	21.0
Net position:				
Unrestricted		1.0	1.0	1.0
Total net position		1.0	1.0	1.0
Total liabilities and net				
position	\$	20.8	19.4	22.0

The Lottery's accounting periods are predicated on a 4-4-5 week cycle except at year-end when the closing date includes additional days up to and including June 30. These extra days amounted to six in 2012, seven in 2013, and eight in 2014. Correspondingly, the additional days in 2014 are reflected in the additional accounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Over the last three years, investments and the related prize installment obligations have been reduced over the years as a result of the maturing of existing annuities and the Lottery's discontinuation of annuities for prize payments.

The Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) liability continued to increase each year because the Lottery is not funding the Annual Required Contribution, but is only paying retiree healthcare on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014 and 2013

#### Revenue

Table 2
Revenue
(In millions)

	Year ended June 30			
	2014	2013	2012	
Play 3	\$ 24.8	24.9	25.0	
Play 4	19.9	19.2	18.7	
Multi Win Lotto	4.2	4.2	4.5	
Powerball	26.9	34.2	25.0	
Hot Lotto	3.1	3.1	2.6	
Mega Millions	12.6	7.6	12.0	
Fastplay		_	0.1	
Delaware Cash 5	0.9	0.9	1.1	
Keno	5.2	2.5		
Instant games	 50.7	47.5	45.7	
Traditional games revenue	148.3	144.1	134.7	
Video lottery, net	363.4	396.8	475.7	
I-Gaming	1.4			
Video lottery expired jackpots and credit slips	0.4	0.4	0.3	
Casino license fees	3.3	3.0	10.8	
Sports lottery	31.5	25.4	17.8	
Table games, net	 52.5	65.6	75.0	
Total revenue	\$ 600.8	635.3	714.3	

Table 2 above compares revenue for each lottery game category. Total lottery revenue for fiscal 2014 was \$34.5 million, or 5.4% lower than for 2013 and revenue for fiscal 2013 was \$79 million, or 11.1% lower than for 2012.

There was a \$32 million, or 8.1%, decline in video lottery revenue from 2013 to 2014 and a \$78.9 million, or 16.6%, decline in video lottery revenue from 2012 to 2013. This decline can be attributed to the additional casinos opening near our Maryland border at the end of FY12.

The table games revenue was \$13.1 million lower in fiscal 2014 as compared to 2013. This decline can also be attributed to increased competition with the addition of tables and a poker room in nearby Baltimore in FY14.

Powerball and Mega millions sales are typically driven by the size of the jackpot. Sales for Powerball decreased in 2014 due to limited number of higher jackpots but increased from 2012 to 2013 as higher jackpot levels were attained. Sales for Mega millions increased in 2014 over 2013 due to a long jackpot run twice during 2014.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2014 and 2013

Instant games sales continue to increase including reporting a record sales week this fiscal year. The "cooperative services" agreement that the Lottery signed with its vendor for instant games is producing positive results. The vendor, in conjunction with the Lottery, continued to offer more attractive products. The Lottery also decided to shorten the life cycle of games offered and increased the introduction of higher price point tickets, as surveys indicated that higher price points with higher prize levels were more attractive to the playing public.

Since the Delaware Legislature passed the Administration's *Delaware Gaming Competitiveness Act of 2012* which allowed for the expansion of the Sports Lottery into retail locations, the implementation of Keno, and authorizing Delaware to conduct internet gaming for both traditional and casino styles online wagering, sales from these products have continued to grow. The Lottery expanded the sports retail locations from 30 to 75 retailers, added additional Keno retailers and starting gaming on the internet in November 2013.

#### **Cost of Games**

Table 3

Cost of Games
(In millions and as a percentage of sales)

			Year ended J	June 30		
	 2014		 2013		2012	
Commission expense Gaming vendor fees and costs Prize expense	\$ 192.4 38.1 102.0	32.2% 6.3 17.1	\$ 213.7 33.1 99.3	33.6% \$ 5.2 15.6	250.6 37.6 85.6	35.1% 5.3 12.0
Total cost of games	\$ 332.5		\$ 346.1	\$	373.8	

Commission expense includes payments to lottery retailers for selling lottery and sports betting tickets and to the casinos for the operation of video lottery, sports lottery, and table game facilities. There was a \$21.3 million, or 9.9%, decline in commission expense from 2013 to 2014. This was due to lower revenue for video lottery and table games. There was a \$36.9 million, or 14.7%, decline in commission expense from 2012 to 2013.

Gaming vendor fees and costs include costs of the central system used to monitor and collect pertinent data for the online and the video lottery system, costs of the instant games supplier, and costs of leasing video lottery terminals from gaming vendors. Gaming vendor fees increased over last year due to the initial one-time startup costs for operating internet gaming, but still remain relatively unchanged over the last few years.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2014 and 2013

#### **Prize Expense, Net of Reversions**

Table 4
Prize Expense, Net of Reversions

(In millions)

	Year ended June 30			
	2014	2013	2012	
Play 3	\$ 11.8	12.0	12.0	
Play 4	10.4	10.3	9.3	
Multi Win Lotto	2.7	2.5	2.8	
Powerball	13.0	16.8	11.9	
Hot Lotto	1.5	1.6	0.9	
Mega Millions	6.3	3.7	6.1	
Delaware Cash 5	0.5	0.5	0.5	
Keno	3.2	1.5		
Sports lottery	20.1	20.0	12.8	
Instant games	 32.5	30.4	29.3	
Total prize expense	\$ 102.0	99.3	85.6	

Table 4 above compares prize expense for each lottery game category for the past three years. In general, prize expense by game will increase or decrease from year to year in proportion to the increase or decrease in sales for a particular game. However, the prize expenses for the Play 3 and Play 4 games are impacted by the luck of the draw, and actual prize payment is determined by lottery players' luck in matching the particular set of numbers randomly selected in each drawing for each game. Prize expense for the instant game product category is controllable for the most part, by printing a predetermined number and value of winning tickets for each instant game.

Prize expense for 2014 compared to 2013 and 2013 compared to 2012 is commensurate with the increases and decreases in traditional lottery sales during the same periods. The increase in prize expense from 2013 to 2014 is due to higher sales on Mega millions, Keno, and Instant Games. Higher sales for these games also contributed to the increase in prize costs during 2013.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014 and 2013

#### **Operating Expenses**

Table 5
Operating Expenses

(In millions)

 Year ended June 30

 2014
 2013
 2012

 Operating expenses
 \$ 10.9
 11.4
 11.4

Operating expenses remained relatively unchanged from 2013 to 2014 and 2012 to 2013.

#### **Nonoperating Expenses**

Table 6
Nonoperating Expenses

(In millions)

		Year ended June 30				
	_	2014	2013	2012		
Contributions to the State of Delaware:						
Standardbred breeder's program	\$	3.0	3.0	3.0		
Certified thoroughbred program		1.0	1.0	1.0		
Contributions to the State of Delaware	_	253.4	273.8	325.1		
Total nonoperating expenses	\$	257.4	277.8	329.1		

Decreases in cash contributions to the State of Delaware were consistent with the Lottery's revenue decreases.

# **Subsequent Event**

In July 2013, the legislature convened a Lottery and Gaming Study Commission that is responsible for examining the tax competitive marketplace confronting Delaware gaming and all affected parties. The Commission submitted several proposals to the legislature at the end of this fiscal year. The only change approved by legislature was to deduct 75% of the vendor cost before calculating the state share of video net proceeds.

# Basic Statements of Net Position

June 30, 2014 and 2013

Assets	_	2014	2013
Current assets: Cash and investments Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$785,780 and	\$	3,119,230	3,498,811
\$733,877, respectively Investments – restricted for payment of prize liabilities Due from State of Delaware		12,417,913 30,000 2,597,487	11,069,870 108,375 2,221,882
Total current assets	_	18,164,630	16,898,938
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets, net Investments – restricted for payment of prize liabilities Deposit with Multi-State Lottery	_	84,038 2,591,984	101,202 2,446,626
Total noncurrent assets	_	2,676,022	2,547,828
Total assets	\$ _	20,840,652	19,446,766
<b>Liabilities and Net Position</b>			
Current liabilities: Prizes liability, including \$30,000 and \$108,375, respectively, of prize installment obligations Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to the State of Delaware	\$	4,738,522 7,841,959 1,583,877	4,714,470 7,042,040 1,544,941
Total current liabilities		14,164,358	13,301,451
Noncurrent liabilities:    Multi-State Lottery reserve    Prize installment obligations, noncurrent    OPEB liability    Total liabilities	_	2,591,984 84,038 3,000,272 19,840,652	2,446,626 101,202 2,597,487 18,446,766
Net position: Unrestricted		1,000,000	1,000,000
Total net position	<del>-</del>	1,000,000	1,000,000
Total liabilities and net position	\$	20,840,652	19,446,766
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See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

# Basic Statements of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

Revenue:         Video lottery, net         \$ 363,398,167         396,775,063           Video lottery expired jackpots and credit slips         370,613         365,495           Casino license fees         3,261,600         3,000,000           I-Gaming Video         1,374,944         —           Sports lottery         31,511,881         25,422,927           Table games         52,537,492         65,591,850           Online games         97,686,358         96,657,250           Instant games         600,824,796         635,263,739           Cost of games:           Video lottery commissions         145,501,490         159,688,216           Prize costs, net of reversions         101,993,821         99,264,072           Gaming vendor fees and costs         38,111,127         33,147,920           Online and instant games commissions         9,395,691         8,961,607           Sports lottery commissions         2,738,572         1,688,851           Table games commissions         332,467,983         346,106,879           Gross margin         268,356,813         289,156,800           Operating expenses:         3007,072         3,002,516           Payroll and related benefits         6,225,777         6,292,138		_	2014	2013
Video lottery, net         \$ 363,398,167         396,775,063           Video lottery expired jackpots and credit slips         370,613         365,495           Casino license fees         3,261,600         3,000,000           I-Gaming Video         1,374,944         —           Sports lottery         31,511,881         25,422,927           Table games         97,686,358         96,657,250           Online games         97,686,358         96,657,250           Instant games         50,683,741         47,451,154           Total revenue         600,824,796         635,263,739           Cost of games:         Video lottery commissions         145,501,490         159,688,216           Prize costs, net of reversions         101,993,821         99,264,072           Gaming vendor fees and costs         38,111,127         33,147,920           Online and instant games commissions         9,395,691         8,961,607           Sports lottery commissions         2,738,572         1,688,851           Table games commissions         332,467,983         346,106,879           Sports lottery commissions         332,467,983         346,106,879           Gross margin         268,356,813         289,156,860           Operating expenses:         3,007,072 <td>Revenue:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Revenue:			
Video lottery expired jackpots and credit slips         370,613         365,495           Casino license fees         3,261,600         3,000,000           1-Gaming Video         1,374,944         —           Sports lottery         31,511,881         25,422,927           Table games         52,537,492         65,591,850           Online games         97,686,358         96,657,250           Instant games         50,683,741         47,451,154           Total revenue         600,824,796         635,263,739           Cost of games:           Video lottery commissions         145,501,490         159,688,216           Prize costs, net of reversions         101,993,821         99,264,072           Gaming vendor fees and costs         38,111,127         33,147,920           Online and instant games commissions         2,738,572         1,688,851           Table games commissions         34,727,282         43,356,213           Total cost of games         32,2467,983         346,106,879           Gross margin         268,356,813         289,156,860           Operating expenses:         3,007,072         3,202,516           Payroll and related benefits         6,225,777         6,292,138           Other general and administrativ		\$	363,398,167	396,775,063
I-Gaming Video         1,374,944         2           Sports lottery         31,511,881         25,422,927           Table games         52,537,492         65,591,850           Online games         97,686,358         96,657,250           Instant games         50,683,741         47,451,154           Total revenue         600,824,796         635,263,739           Cost of games:           Video lottery commissions         145,501,490         159,688,216           Prize costs, net of reversions         101,993,821         99,264,072           Gaming vendor fees and costs         38,111,127         33,147,920           Online and instant games commissions         9,395,691         8,961,607           Sports lottery commissions         2,738,572         1,688,851           Table games commissions         34,727,282         43,356,213           Total cost of games         332,467,983         346,106,879           Gross margin         268,356,813         289,156,860           Operating expenses:         3,007,072         3,202,516           Advertising and promotions         3,007,072         3,202,516           Payroll and related benefits         6,225,777         6,292,138           Other general and administrative	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		370,613	
Sports lottery         31,511,881         25,422,927           Table games         52,537,492         65,591,850           Online games         97,686,358         96,657,250           Instant games         50,683,741         47,451,154           Total revenue         600,824,796         635,263,739           Cost of games:           Video lottery commissions         145,501,490         159,688,216           Prize costs, net of reversions         101,993,821         99,264,072           Gaming vendor fees and costs         38,111,127         33,147,920           Online and instant games commissions         9,395,691         8,961,607           Sports lottery commissions         2,738,572         1,688,851           Table games commissions         34,727,282         43,356,213           Total cost of games         332,467,983         346,106,879           Gross margin         268,356,813         289,156,860           Operating expenses:         3,007,072         3,202,516           Payroll and related benefits         6,225,777         6,292,138           Other general and administrative         1,687,995         1,866,317           Total operating expenses         10,920,844         11,360,971           Operating incom	Casino license fees		3,261,600	3,000,000
Table games         52,537,492         65,591,850           Online games         97,686,358         96,657,250           Instant games         50,683,741         47,451,154           Total revenue         600,824,796         635,263,739           Cost of games:         ***         ***           Video lottery commissions         145,501,490         159,688,216           Prize costs, net of reversions         101,993,821         99,264,072           Gaming vendor fees and costs         38,111,127         33,147,920           Online and instant games commissions         9,395,691         8,961,607           Sports lottery commissions         2,73,8572         1,688,851           Table games commissions         34,727,282         43,356,213           Total cost of games         332,467,983         346,106,879           Gross margin         268,356,813         289,156,860           Operating expenses:         **         4,225,777         6,292,138           Other general and administrative         1,687,995         1,866,317           Total operating expenses         10,920,844         11,360,971           Operating income         257,435,969         277,795,889           Nonoperating expenses:         **         253,435,969	I-Gaming Video		1,374,944	
Online games         97,686,358         96,657,250           Instant games         50,683,741         47,451,154           Total revenue         600,824,796         635,263,739           Cost of games:         Video lottery commissions         145,501,490         159,688,216           Prize costs, net of reversions         101,993,821         99,264,072           Gaming vendor fees and costs         38,111,127         33,147,920           Online and instant games commissions         9,395,691         8,961,607           Sports lottery commissions         2,738,572         1,688,851           Table games commissions         34,727,282         43,356,213           Total cost of games         32,467,983         346,106,879           Gross margin         268,356,813         289,156,860           Operating expenses:         3,007,072         3,202,516           Payroll and related benefits         6,225,777         6,292,138           Other general and administrative         1,687,995         1,866,317           Total operating expenses         10,920,844         11,360,971           Operating income         257,435,969         277,795,889           Nonoperating expenses:         7         7         7         7           Transfers to			31,511,881	25,422,927
Instant games         50,683,741         47,451,154           Total revenue         600,824,796         635,263,739           Cost of games:         Video lottery commissions         145,501,490         159,688,216           Prize costs, net of reversions         101,993,821         99,264,072           Gaming vendor fees and costs         38,111,127         33,147,920           Online and instant games commissions         9,395,691         8,961,607           Sports lottery commissions         2,738,572         1,688,851           Table games commissions         34,727,282         43,356,213           Total cost of games         332,467,983         346,106,879           Gross margin         268,356,813         289,156,860           Operating expenses:         3,007,072         3,202,516           Advertising and promotions         3,007,072         3,202,516           Payroll and related benefits         6,225,777         6,292,138           Other general and administrative         1,687,995         1,866,317           Total operating expenses:         10,920,844         11,360,971           Operating expenses:         3,000,000         3,000,000           Transfers to the Delaware Standardbred Breeder's Program         1,000,000         3,000,000			52,537,492	
Total revenue         600,824,796         635,263,739           Cost of games:         Video lottery commissions         145,501,490         159,688,216           Prize costs, net of reversions         101,993,821         99,264,072           Gaming vendor fees and costs         38,111,127         33,147,920           Online and instant games commissions         9,395,691         8,961,607           Sports lottery commissions         2,738,572         1,688,851           Table games commissions         34,727,282         43,356,213           Total cost of games         332,467,983         346,106,879           Gross margin         268,356,813         289,156,860           Operating expenses:         Advertising and promotions         3,007,072         3,202,516           Payroll and related benefits         6,225,777         6,292,138           Other general and administrative         1,687,995         1,866,317           Total operating expenses         10,920,844         11,360,971           Operating expenses:         3,000,000         3,000,000           Transfers to the Delaware Standardbred Breeder's Program         3,000,000         3,000,000           Transfers to the Delaware Certified Thoroughbred Program         1,000,000         1,000,000           Transfers to the Sta	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Cost of games:         Video lottery commissions         145,501,490         159,688,216           Prize costs, net of reversions         101,993,821         99,264,072           Gaming vendor fees and costs         38,111,127         33,147,920           Online and instant games commissions         9,395,691         8,961,607           Sports lottery commissions         2,738,572         1,688,851           Table games commissions         34,727,282         43,356,213           Total cost of games         32,467,983         346,106,879           Gross margin         268,356,813         289,156,860           Operating expenses:         3,007,072         3,202,516           Payroll and related benefits         6,225,777         6,292,138           Other general and administrative         1,687,995         1,866,317           Total operating expenses         10,920,844         11,360,971           Operating income         257,435,969         277,795,889           Nonoperating expenses:         3,000,000         3,000,000           Transfers to the Delaware Standardbred Breeder's Program         1,000,000         1,000,000           Transfers to the State of Delaware         253,435,969         273,795,889           Change in net position         —         — <td< td=""><td>Instant games</td><td>_</td><td>50,683,741</td><td>47,451,154</td></td<>	Instant games	_	50,683,741	47,451,154
Video lottery commissions         145,501,490         159,688,216           Prize costs, net of reversions         101,993,821         99,264,072           Gaming vendor fees and costs         38,111,127         33,147,920           Online and instant games commissions         9,395,691         8,961,607           Sports lottery commissions         2,738,572         1,688,851           Table games commissions         34,727,282         43,356,213           Total cost of games         332,467,983         346,106,879           Gross margin         268,356,813         289,156,860           Operating expenses:         3,007,072         3,202,516           Payroll and related benefits         6,225,777         6,292,138           Other general and administrative         1,687,995         1,866,317           Total operating expenses         10,920,844         11,360,971           Operating income         257,435,969         277,795,889           Nonoperating expenses:         3,000,000         3,000,000           Transfers to the Delaware Standardbred Breeder's Program         1,000,000         1,000,000           Transfers to the State of Delaware         253,435,969         273,795,889           Change in net position         —         —         —	Total revenue	_	600,824,796	635,263,739
Prize costs, net of reversions         101,993,821         99,264,072           Gaming vendor fees and costs         38,111,127         33,147,920           Online and instant games commissions         9,395,691         8,961,607           Sports lottery commissions         2,738,572         1,688,851           Table games commissions         34,727,282         43,356,213           Total cost of games         332,467,983         346,106,879           Gross margin         268,356,813         289,156,860           Operating expenses:         3,007,072         3,202,516           Payroll and related benefits         6,225,777         6,292,138           Other general and administrative         1,687,995         1,866,317           Total operating expenses         10,920,844         11,360,971           Operating income         257,435,969         277,795,889           Nonoperating expenses:         3,000,000         3,000,000           Transfers to the Delaware Standardbred Breeder's Program         3,000,000         3,000,000           Transfers to the State of Delaware         253,435,969         273,795,889           Change in net position         —         —           Net position at beginning of year         1,000,000         1,000,000	Cost of games:			
Gaming vendor fees and costs         38,111,127         33,147,920           Online and instant games commissions         9,395,691         8,961,607           Sports lottery commissions         2,738,572         1,688,851           Table games commissions         34,727,282         43,356,213           Total cost of games         332,467,983         346,106,879           Gross margin         268,356,813         289,156,860           Operating expenses:         3,007,072         3,202,516           Advertising and promotions         3,007,072         3,202,516           Payroll and related benefits         6,225,777         6,292,138           Other general and administrative         1,687,995         1,866,317           Total operating expenses         10,920,844         11,360,971           Operating income         257,435,969         277,795,889           Nonoperating expenses:         Transfers to the Delaware Standardbred Breeder's Program         3,000,000         3,000,000           Transfers to the State of Delaware         253,435,969         273,795,889           Change in net position         —         —           Net position at beginning of year         1,000,000         1,000,000			145,501,490	159,688,216
Online and instant games commissions         9,395,691         8,961,607           Sports lottery commissions         2,738,572         1,688,851           Table games commissions         34,727,282         43,356,213           Total cost of games         332,467,983         346,106,879           Gross margin         268,356,813         289,156,860           Operating expenses:         3,007,072         3,202,516           Payroll and related benefits         6,225,777         6,292,138           Other general and administrative         1,687,995         1,866,317           Total operating expenses         10,920,844         11,360,971           Operating income         257,435,969         277,795,889           Nonoperating expenses:         3,000,000         3,000,000           Transfers to the Delaware Standardbred Breeder's Program         3,000,000         3,000,000           Transfers to the State of Delaware         253,435,969         273,795,889           Change in net position         —         —           Net position at beginning of year         1,000,000         1,000,000	·			
Sports lottery commissions         2,738,572         1,688,851           Table games commissions         34,727,282         43,356,213           Total cost of games         332,467,983         346,106,879           Gross margin         268,356,813         289,156,860           Operating expenses:         3,007,072         3,202,516           Payroll and related benefits         6,225,777         6,292,138           Other general and administrative         1,687,995         1,866,317           Total operating expenses         10,920,844         11,360,971           Operating income         257,435,969         277,795,889           Nonoperating expenses:         3,000,000         3,000,000           Transfers to the Delaware Standardbred Breeder's Program         3,000,000         3,000,000           Transfers to the State of Delaware         253,435,969         273,795,889           Change in net position         —         —           Net position at beginning of year         1,000,000         1,000,000				
Table games commissions         34,727,282         43,356,213           Total cost of games         332,467,983         346,106,879           Gross margin         268,356,813         289,156,860           Operating expenses:         3,007,072         3,202,516           Advertising and promotions         6,225,777         6,292,138           Other general and elated benefits         6,225,777         6,292,138           Other general and administrative         1,687,995         1,866,317           Total operating expenses         10,920,844         11,360,971           Operating income         257,435,969         277,795,889           Nonoperating expenses:         3,000,000         3,000,000           Transfers to the Delaware Standardbred Breeder's Program         3,000,000         1,000,000           Transfers to the State of Delaware         253,435,969         273,795,889           Change in net position         —         —           Net position at beginning of year         1,000,000         1,000,000				· ·
Total cost of games         332,467,983         346,106,879           Gross margin         268,356,813         289,156,860           Operating expenses:         3,007,072         3,202,516           Advertising and promotions         6,225,777         6,292,138           Payroll and related benefits         6,225,777         6,292,138           Other general and administrative         1,687,995         1,866,317           Total operating expenses         10,920,844         11,360,971           Operating income         257,435,969         277,795,889           Nonoperating expenses:         3,000,000         3,000,000           Transfers to the Delaware Standardbred Breeder's Program         1,000,000         1,000,000           Transfers to the State of Delaware         253,435,969         273,795,889           Change in net position         —         —           Net position at beginning of year         1,000,000         1,000,000				· ·
Gross margin         268,356,813         289,156,860           Operating expenses:         3,007,072         3,202,516           Payroll and related benefits         6,225,777         6,292,138           Other general and administrative         1,687,995         1,866,317           Total operating expenses         10,920,844         11,360,971           Operating income         257,435,969         277,795,889           Nonoperating expenses:         Transfers to the Delaware Standardbred Breeder's Program         3,000,000         3,000,000           Transfers to the Delaware Certified Thoroughbred Program         1,000,000         1,000,000           Transfers to the State of Delaware         253,435,969         273,795,889           Change in net position         —         —           Net position at beginning of year         1,000,000         1,000,000	Table games commissions	_	34,727,282	43,356,213
Operating expenses:         3,007,072         3,202,516           Payroll and related benefits         6,225,777         6,292,138           Other general and administrative         1,687,995         1,866,317           Total operating expenses         10,920,844         11,360,971           Operating income         257,435,969         277,795,889           Nonoperating expenses:         Transfers to the Delaware Standardbred Breeder's Program         3,000,000         3,000,000           Transfers to the Delaware Certified Thoroughbred Program         1,000,000         1,000,000           Transfers to the State of Delaware         253,435,969         273,795,889           Change in net position         —         —           Net position at beginning of year         1,000,000         1,000,000	Total cost of games	_	332,467,983	346,106,879
Advertising and promotions         3,007,072         3,202,516           Payroll and related benefits         6,225,777         6,292,138           Other general and administrative         1,687,995         1,866,317           Total operating expenses         10,920,844         11,360,971           Operating income         257,435,969         277,795,889           Nonoperating expenses:         3,000,000         3,000,000           Transfers to the Delaware Standardbred Breeder's Program         1,000,000         1,000,000           Transfers to the State of Delaware         253,435,969         273,795,889           Change in net position         —         —           Net position at beginning of year         1,000,000         1,000,000	Gross margin	_	268,356,813	289,156,860
Payroll and related benefits         6,225,777         6,292,138           Other general and administrative         1,687,995         1,866,317           Total operating expenses         10,920,844         11,360,971           Operating income         257,435,969         277,795,889           Nonoperating expenses:         3,000,000         3,000,000           Transfers to the Delaware Standardbred Breeder's Program         1,000,000         1,000,000           Transfers to the Delaware Certified Thoroughbred Program         253,435,969         273,795,889           Change in net position         —         —           Net position at beginning of year         1,000,000         1,000,000	Operating expenses:			
Other general and administrative         1,687,995         1,866,317           Total operating expenses         10,920,844         11,360,971           Operating income         257,435,969         277,795,889           Nonoperating expenses:         3,000,000         3,000,000           Transfers to the Delaware Standardbred Breeder's Program         1,000,000         1,000,000           Transfers to the Delaware Certified Thoroughbred Program         1,000,000         273,795,889           Change in net position         —         —           Net position at beginning of year         1,000,000         1,000,000	Advertising and promotions		3,007,072	3,202,516
Total operating expenses         10,920,844         11,360,971           Operating income         257,435,969         277,795,889           Nonoperating expenses:         3,000,000         3,000,000           Transfers to the Delaware Standardbred Breeder's Program         1,000,000         1,000,000           Transfers to the Delaware Certified Thoroughbred Program         1,000,000         1,000,000           Transfers to the State of Delaware         253,435,969         273,795,889           Change in net position         —         —           Net position at beginning of year         1,000,000         1,000,000	Payroll and related benefits		6,225,777	6,292,138
Operating income 257,435,969 277,795,889  Nonoperating expenses:  Transfers to the Delaware Standardbred Breeder's Program 3,000,000 3,000,000  Transfers to the Delaware Certified Thoroughbred Program 1,000,000 1,000,000  Transfers to the State of Delaware 253,435,969 273,795,889  Change in net position — —  Net position at beginning of year 1,000,000 1,000,000	Other general and administrative	_	1,687,995	1,866,317
Nonoperating expenses:  Transfers to the Delaware Standardbred Breeder's Program  Transfers to the Delaware Certified Thoroughbred Program  Transfers to the State of Delaware  Change in net position  Tense in net position  Transfers to the State of Delaware  Transfers to the Delaware Certified Thoroughbred Program  Transfers to the State of Delaware  T	Total operating expenses	_	10,920,844	11,360,971
Transfers to the Delaware Standardbred Breeder's Program Transfers to the Delaware Certified Thoroughbred Program Transfers to the State of Delaware  Change in net position  Tensition at beginning of year  3,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 273,795,889 273,795,889  1,000,000 1,000,000	Operating income		257,435,969	277,795,889
Transfers to the Delaware Certified Thoroughbred Program 1,000,000 1,000,000 253,435,969 273,795,889  Change in net position  — Net position at beginning of year  1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000	Nonoperating expenses:			
Transfers to the State of Delaware 253,435,969 273,795,889  Change in net position — —  Net position at beginning of year 1,000,000 1,000,000	Transfers to the Delaware Standardbred Breeder's Program		3,000,000	3,000,000
Change in net position — —  Net position at beginning of year 1,000,000 1,000,000	Transfers to the Delaware Certified Thoroughbred Program		1,000,000	1,000,000
Net position at beginning of year         1,000,000         1,000,000	Transfers to the State of Delaware	_	253,435,969	273,795,889
	Change in net position		_	_
Net position at end of year \$ 1,000,000 1,000,000	Net position at beginning of year	_	1,000,000	1,000,000
	Net position at end of year	\$	1,000,000	1,000,000

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

Basic Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

		2014	2013
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers Payments to vendors for goods and services Payments to employees for services Payments for prizes Payments for commissions  Net cash provided by operating activities  Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	\$	599,424,850 (42,481,224) (5,945,975) (101,986,933) (192,088,805) 256,921,913	634,702,043 (37,797,652) (5,723,100) (99,020,587) (213,494,820) 278,665,884
Transfers to the Delaware Standardbred Breeder's Program Transfers to the Delaware Certified Thoroughbred Program Transfers to the State of Delaware	·	(3,000,000) (1,000,000) (253,397,033)	(3,000,000) (1,000,000) (278,389,012)
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities		(257,397,033)	(282,389,012)
Cash flows from investing activity: Proceeds from maturity of investments  Net cash provided by investing activity	•	95,539 95,539	<u>270,739</u> 270,739
	•		
Net decrease cash and investments		(379,581)	(3,452,389)
Cash and investments at beginning of year	,	3,498,811	6,951,200
Cash and investments at end of year	\$	3,119,230	3,498,811
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Operating income  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	\$	257,435,969	277,795,889
Accounts receivable, net		(1,348,043)	(561,696)
Deposit with Multi-State Lottery		(145,358)	(9,329)
Prizes liability Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		6,889 972,456	243,485 1,197,535
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	256,921,913	278,665,884

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2014 and 2013

# (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (a) Legislative Enactment

The Delaware State Lottery (the Lottery) was established by Enabling Legislation (the Legislation) passed on May 31, 1974, by the General Assembly of the State of Delaware (the General Assembly) under the authority of the Governor's Office and under the supervision of a Director. In July 1976, the Lottery was transferred to the Office of the Secretary of Finance. The Director has the power and duty to establish rules for conducting games, including the type and number of games, the price of tickets, the number and amounts of winning tickets, the manner of selecting winning tickets, the manner of prize payment, frequency of drawings, locations and methods for the sale of tickets, procedures for licensing of retailers, and all other functions related to the operation of the Lottery.

The Legislation provides that, for the nonvideo lottery games, at least 45% of total revenue shall be used to pay prizes, operating expenses shall not exceed 20% of total revenue, and at least 30% of total revenue will be paid to the General Fund of the State of Delaware (the State). Enabling legislation for video lottery was enacted on July 16, 1994 and provides that, for the video lottery games, at least 87%, but not more than 95% (unless approved by the Director), of total proceeds on an average annual basis shall be used to pay prizes.

# (b) Reporting Entity

The Delaware State Lottery (reporting entity) is an enterprise fund of the State of Delaware.

#### (c) Basis of Presentation

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, which requires recognition of revenues when earned and expenses when incurred.

#### (d) Cash and Investments

Cash and investments consist of deposits held in bank accounts and highly liquid overnight investment accounts, as well as deposits held by the State to fund future nonprize costs during the next month.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 and 2013

#### (e) Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist primarily of unsettled balances due to the Lottery from the racetracks for video lottery and table games, and from retailers, which principally include grocery and convenience stores serving as the primary distribution channel for traditional lottery sales (online and instant games) to the general public.

	_	2014	2013
Receivables: Accounts	\$_	13,203,693	11,803,747
Total receivables		13,203,693	11,803,747
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(785,780)	(733,877)
Total receivables, net	\$ _	12,417,913	11,069,870
Amounts not scheduled for collection during the subsequent year	\$		_

#### (f) Investments

Investments consist of annuity contracts purchased from insurance companies to fund future prize payments, and are carried at amortized cost as nonparticipating investment contracts. The practice of purchasing and holding annuity contracts to fund future prize obligations is no longer employed by the Lottery, as investment amounts reported represent annuity contracts whose most recent purchase was during 1998. It is the Lottery's policy to hold all investments of this nature that were purchased to fund prize obligations until maturity. All investments will mature as of February 16, 2018.

#### (g) Capital Assets

All purchases of capital assets, mostly computer equipment and furniture and fixtures, in excess of \$25,000 are capitalized and carried at cost. Depreciation is computed by using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of 10 years. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is reflected in operations in the period of disposal.

#### (h) Revenue Recognition

Revenue from online games is recognized on the day of purchase. Revenue from the sale of instant tickets is recognized when the book has been activated and when one of the following occurs:

- 85% of the related prizes of an activated book is paid
- 90 days from the date of activation
- When the next pack of the same game is activated

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2014 and 2013

Revenue from video lottery and table game sales is recognized, net of prizes paid, at the time the public plays the game. Revenue from sports lottery is also recognized at the time the public plays the game.

All revenue that the Lottery reports is considered operating revenue.

#### (i) Prize Obligations

Prize obligations for the online games are determined and recognized after each drawing is held. For the numbers games, winners are paid a certain amount depending upon the number of, or order of, winning numbers. Of every Multi Win Lotto sales dollar, a fixed payment goes to fund the nine lower prize levels with the balance going into the jackpot. If there are no jackpot winners in the Lotto game, the amount is carried forward until there is a winner. For the Powerball, 50% of the revenues are allocated to the prize pool.

Prize obligations related to instant games are recognized by taking the greater of prize cash disbursements or the historical estimates of claimed prizes. Disbursements for prizes, including installment prize awards, are charged against the obligations for unpaid prize awards. Prizes unclaimed after one year revert back to the Lottery and reduce the prize costs for the year. Such unclaimed monies are then remitted to the State.

Prize obligations for the sports lottery are determined and recognized after the completion of National Football League games. All wagers must be parlays consisting of three or more individual games.

#### (j) Compensated Absences

The Lottery has accrued a liability included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities for employee future absences, recognizing the obligation relating to services already rendered. This liability represents benefits accrued to Lottery employees for vacation earned as of year-end and sick leave estimated to be paid out at retirement for services rendered as of June 30, 2014. Employees earn from 1.25 to 1.75 days of vacation leave per month depending on years of service. The employee or his or her estate is paid for unused vacation upon termination of employment. Employees earn 1.25 days of sick leave per month. The Lottery's obligation for sick leave credit is a maximum of 45 workdays. As of June 30, 2014 and 2013, the Lottery had liabilities of \$258,679 and \$224,933 for accrued vacation and \$240,350 and \$212,000 for accrued sick leave, respectively.

#### (k) Operating and Non-operating Expenses

Operating expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the Lottery's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses of the Lottery include personnel costs, contracted services, supplies, and depreciation. All expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating expenses.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2014 and 2013

#### (l) Pension and Postemployment Benefits

The Lottery contributes to the State Employees' Pension Plan (the State Plan) established by the State to provide benefits to State employees. The State Plan is a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system, and the Lottery's only obligation to the plan is its required annual contributions.

The Lottery accounts for and reports the value of its future obligation to pay other post-employment benefits (OPEB), which is principally healthcare to employees as the related benefits are earned. The resulting liability has been recorded on the statement of net position as OPEB liability and the year-over-year change in the obligation has been expensed in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position in the current fiscal year.

#### (2) Cash and Investments

Cash and investments reported reflect three types of account balances: the Lottery deposit account, the Lottery prize account, and pooled cash and investments held by the State Treasurer's Office. Cash receipts and all cash transfers to other state agencies are made in and out of the Lottery deposit account. Prize disbursements are made out of the Lottery prize account. Pooled cash and investments are comprised of cash and cash equivalents and short- and long-term investments that are managed by the State Treasurer's Office.

Cash balances consisted of the following:

		June 50			
	_	2014	2013		
On hand and in bank	\$	788,676	1,742,987		
Pooled cash and investments		2,330,554	1,755,824		
Total cash balances	\$	3,119,230	3,498,811		

#### Custodial Credit Risk

For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the deposits or collateral securities may not be recovered from an outside party.

All deposits are required by state law to be collateralized by direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the U.S. government or other suitable obligations as determined by the State's Cash Management Policy Board (the Board), unless the Board shall find such collateralization not in the best interest of the State. Additionally, the Board has determined that deposits need not be collateralized provided they are held in a bank that for the previous two years has had a return on total average assets of 0.5% or greater and has had an average capital ratio (total equity to total assets) of at least 5.0%. If the bank does not meet the aforementioned criteria, collateral must consist of one or more of the following:

- U.S. government securities;
- U.S. government agency securities;
- Federal Home Loan Board letters of credit;

15 (Continued)

T---- 20

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2014 and 2013

- State securities; or
- Securities of a political subdivision of the State with a Moody's Investors service rating of "A" or better.

In addition, the bank must ensure that those securities pledged as collateral have a market value equal to or greater than 102% of the ledger balance(s) in the account(s) each day and ensure that securities pledged are identified as held in the State's name and are segregated on the bank's records.

At June 30, 2014 and 2013, the bank balance of deposits was not subject to custodial credit risk as all amounts were either fully insured and/or collateralized. As of June 30, 2014 and 2013, the total bank balance of cash in all bank accounts was \$788,676 and \$1,772,120, respectively.

#### (3) Investments

Until April 1998, annuity contracts were purchased from insurance companies to fund prizes of \$150,000 or more, payable on an installment basis. All investments reported on the statement of net position represent such annuities, and are carried on the statement of net position at amortized cost. The Lottery intends to hold the investments until maturity. The Lottery remains liable for future periodic payments of deferred prize obligations (approximately \$0.1 million as of June 30, 2014) in the event that annuity issuers default on their obligations. Lottery investments as of June 30, 2014 and 2013 are not subject to custodial credit risk since their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

#### (a) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt instruments will adversely affect the value of an investment. Investments reported on the balance sheet are not subject to interest rate risk.

# (b) Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. While the Lottery no longer utilizes the purchase of annuity contracts to fulfill prize obligations, the Lottery places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. As of June 30, 2014, the insurance companies with which the Lottery's investments in annuity contracts to pay future prize obligations are held were rated by A.M. Best Company and concentrated as follows:

Insurance company		contract values	Concentration	A.M. Best rating
New York Life Insurance Company	\$_	114,038	100.00	aaa – (superior)
Total investments in annuity contracts	\$_	114,038	100.00%	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 and 2013

# (4) Capital Assets

	_	Beginning balance, July 1, 2013	Increase	Decrease	Ending balance, June 30, 2014
Capital assets being depreciated:  Computer equipment and software	\$_	1,394,887			1,394,887
Total capital assets being depreciated		1,394,887	_	_	1,394,887
Less accumulated depreciation	-	1,394,887			1,394,887
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$				
	_	Beginning balance, July 1, 2012	Increase	Decrease	Ending balance, June 30, 2013
Capital assets being depreciated:  Computer equipment and software	\$_	balance,	Increase	Decrease	balance,
	\$_	balance, July 1, 2012	Increase	Decrease	balance, June 30, 2013
Computer equipment and software  Total capital assets	\$ <u>.</u>	balance, July 1, 2012 1,394,887			balance, June 30, 2013

During the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the Lottery had no purchases or disposals of capital assets. Depreciation expense for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 was \$0 and \$0, respectively.

# (5) Prize Obligations

The following is a reconciliation of changes in the prize liability account, which includes the present value of prize installment obligations, for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

	-	2014	2013
Prize obligations, beginning of year	\$	4,815,672	4,572,187
Prize payments		(101,986,933)	(99,020,587)
Prize costs, net of reversions		101,993,821	99,264,072
Prize obligations, end of year	\$_	4,822,560	4,815,672

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
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The Lottery pays the winners of certain jackpots in annual installments over periods that vary generally from 14 to 20 years. The future prize installment obligations payable as of June 30, 2014, during the next four years, are as follows:

2015	\$	30,000
2016		30,000
2017		30,000
2018		30,000
Total payments for unpaid prize installment obligations		120,000
oongations		120,000
Less imputed interest		(5,962)
Present value of prize	Ф	114.020
installment obligations	\$	114,038

# (6) Participation in the Multi-State Lottery

The Lottery is a member of the Multi-State Lottery (the MUSL), which operates online games on behalf of participating state lotteries. Each MUSL member sells game tickets through its agents and makes weekly wire transfers to the MUSL in an amount equivalent to the member's share of the estimated grand prize liability. Each MUSL member pays lesser prizes directly to the winners. The MUSL operates the Powerball game, the Hot Lotto game since fiscal year 2008 and the Mega millions game since 2010. Participating lotteries are required to maintain deposits with MUSL for contingency reserves to protect MUSL from unforeseen prize liabilities. The money in this reserve fund is refundable to MUSL members if the MUSL disbands or if a member leaves the MUSL Board. The MUSL has an agreement that grants MUSL the nonexclusive right to offer the multi-jurisdictional lottery game known as the "Mega millions Game," to be conducted by the MUSL member lotteries.

The amount the Lottery had on deposit with the MUSL, as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, equaled \$2,591,984 and \$2,446,626, respectively. These amounts are also reported as a liability on the Lottery's balance sheet because they represent the amount to be paid to the State upon separation from the MUSL if the MUSL is not required to use a portion of the Lottery's reserves held by the MUSL.

Complete separate financial statements for the MUSL may be obtained by sending a written request to the Lottery's Administrative Office.

# (7) Delaware Standardbred Breeder's Program and Delaware Certified Thoroughbred Program

In March 1998, an amendment to the Legislation was passed by the General Assembly that established the Delaware Standardbred Breeder's Program (the Breeder's Program) for the purpose of promoting the Delaware harness racing industry. Under this amendment, the Lottery was initially required to withhold \$2,000,000 of funds annually (\$1,000,000 from the General Fund of the State and \$1,000,000 from the Purse Increase Funds of the State Department of Agriculture) and remit these fees to the Breeder's Program. Under an amendment signed in April 2004, the Lottery is required to withhold \$3,000,000 of

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2014 and 2013

funds annually (\$1,500,000 from the General Fund of the State and \$1,500,000 from the Purse Increase Funds of the State Department of Agriculture) and remit these fees to the Breeder's Program.

In the epilogue language of the fiscal year 2006 Bond Bill, an amendment was passed by the General Assembly that established the Delaware Certified Thoroughbred Program for the purpose of enhancing the quantity of thoroughbred foals and/or yearlings stabled within Delaware. Under this amendment, effective July 1, 2006, the Lottery is required to withhold \$1,000,000 of funds annually (\$500,000 from the General Fund of the State and \$500,000 from the Purse Increase Funds of the State Department of Agriculture) and remit these funds to the Delaware Certified Thoroughbred Program.

During fiscal 2008, the General Assembly approved House Bill #514, which reduces the State's annual contribution to the Delaware Standardbred Breeder's Program and the Certified Thoroughbred Program by \$750,000 and \$250,000, respectively. The State's video lottery agents will pick up the reduction of the State's contribution. The amounts paid by the agents is recorded as a reduction to video lottery commissions and/or accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and is then transferred by the Lottery to the respective programs.

#### (8) Contributions to the State of Delaware

As required, under the Legislation, net assets of the Lottery may not exceed \$1,000,000; therefore, the Lottery periodically transfers surplus funds to the State in accordance with the Legislation. For the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the Lottery made the following contributions to the State and, as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, had the following liabilities due to the State for excess earnings:

	Jun	June 30			
	2014	2013			
Amounts transferred during the fiscal year: General Fund Department of Health and Social Services Department of Agriculture	\$ 214,550,022 1,735,591 37,111,420	235,300,000 1,931,213 40,598,785			
	253,397,033	277,829,998			
Amounts accrued, beginning of year Amounts due to the State of Delaware, end of year:	(1,544,941)	(5,579,050)			
General Fund	601,418	590,372			
Department of Health and Social Services	158,529	169,652			
Department of Agriculture	823,930	784,917			
Amounts accrued, end of year	1,583,877	1,544,941			
Total transfers to the State of Delaware	\$ 253,435,969	273,795,889			

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2014 and 2013

# (9) Revenue and Expenses by Game

The following revenue was recognized:

	_	Year end	ed June 30
	_	2014	2013
Online games:	_		
Play 3 Day	\$	9,475,858	9,474,835
Play 3 Night		15,344,463	15,451,429
Play 4 Day		7,277,690	6,975,022
Play 4 Night		12,613,418	12,230,351
Multi Win Lotto		4,237,034	4,249,607
Powerball		26,930,554	34,174,174
Hot Lotto		3,057,528	3,128,775
Mega Millions		12,643,700	7,605,629
Delaware Cash 5		861,683	895,666
Keno		5,244,430	2,471,762
Instant games	_	50,683,741	47,451,154
		148,370,099	144,108,404
Video lottery, net		363,398,167	396,775,063
I-Gaming Video, net		1,374,944	· · · · · —
Video lottery expired jackpots and credit slips		370,613	365,495
Casino license fees		3,261,600	3,000,000
Sports lottery		31,511,881	25,422,927
Table games	_	52,537,492	65,591,850
	\$ _	600,824,796	635,263,739

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 and 2013

The revenue, prize costs, and commission expense, by game type, are listed below:

	On	line	Video lot net	tery	Igaming video, net	Instant	Sports lottery	Table games, net	Total
Year ended June 30, 2014: Revenue \$ Other income	97,68	36,358 —	363,398, 3,632,		1,374,944	50,683,741	31,511,881	52,537,492 —	597,192,583 3,632,213
Prize costs, net of reversions	49,46	66,431	_		12,298	32,463,296	20,051,796		101,993,821
	48,21	9,927	367,030,	380	1,362,646	18,220,445	11,460,085	52,537,492	498,830,975
Commissions expense	6,41	1,750	145,501,	490		2,983,941	2,738,572	34,727,282	192,363,035
Contribution margin per game \$ Game vendor fees Gross profit	41,80	08,177	221,528,	890	1,362,646	15,236,504	8,721,513	17,810,210	306,467,940 38,111,127 268,356,813
			Online		Video ery, net	Instant	Sports lottery	Table games	Total
Year ended June 30, 2013: Revenue Other income Prize costs, net of reversion	ns		96,657,250 — 48,890,072		,775,063 ,365,495 —	47,451,154 — 30,373,383	25,422,927 — 20,000,617	65,591,850 — —	631,898,244 3,365,495 99,264,072
			17,767,178	400,	,140,558	17,077,771	5,422,310	65,591,850	535,999,667
Commissions expense			6,176,036	159,	,688,216	2,785,571	1,688,851	43,356,213	213,694,887
Contribution m per game	argin	\$	11,591,142	240,	.452,342	14,292,200	3,733,459	22,235,637	322,304,780
Game vendor fees									33,147,920
Gross profit								\$	289,156,860

# (10) Payroll-Related and Other Benefits

All Lottery personnel are employees of the State and are covered by pension, health insurance, and other employee benefit programs administered by agencies of the State. During 2014 and 2013, the Lottery incurred \$6,225,777 and \$6,292,138, respectively, of payroll and benefit costs, including pension, health insurance, and other employee benefit costs, paid to various state agencies responsible for the administration of benefit programs.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

# (11) Retirement and Other Postemployment Benefits

#### (a) Retirement

The Lottery contributes to the State Employees' Pension Plan (the State Plan) established by the State to provide benefits for state employees. The State Plan is a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system, since a separate valuation is not performed for the Lottery, and the Lottery's only obligation to the plan is its required annual contributions. The State Plan is considered part of the State's financial reporting entity, and is not considered as part of the Lottery's reporting entity. The State Plan prepares separate financial statements, which can be obtained by writing to the State Board of Pension Trustees and Office of Pensions, McArdle Building, Suite #1, 860 Silver Lake Boulevard, Dover, Delaware 19904-2402.

The State Plan consists of several plans, which are managed by the State. The various plans have different vesting periods ranging from 5 to 20 years, various eligibility requirements, and various benefits that are provided. The Lottery's required contributions, which equaled actual contributions made for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$498,003, \$474,899, and \$430,199, respectively.

The Lottery's accrued pension costs for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 equaled \$27,048 and \$46,640, respectively, and are included within amounts reported as accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the balance sheets.

#### (b) Other Postemployment Benefits

All full-time Lottery employees are covered under the State of Delaware Other Post-Employment Benefits Fund Trust (the OPEB Trust), which was established pursuant to Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code and administered by the Delaware Public Employees' Retirement System. No stand-alone financial report is issued for the OPEB Trust, but the Trust is included in the statewide Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which will be available from the Division of Accounting.

The OPEB Trust is a single-employer defined-benefit plan and provides retirement medical coverage to 19,277 pensioners and their eligible dependents through the same healthcare plans that are available to active employees. Retirees' contributions depend on date of hire and years of service and range from 0% to 100% of the cost. There are currently 33,034 active eligible plan members. The Lottery has 63 active eligible plan members, which is the basis on which plan costs are allocated.

By State statute Title 29 of the Delaware Code c.52, contribution requirements of plan members and the government are established and may be amended by the State Legislature. The contribution rates for the employer and retiree are established annually by the budgeting process of the State of Delaware, but are not actuarially determined.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014 and 2013

The State's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the actuarially determined annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize the unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period of 30 years. Amounts "required" but not actually set aside to pay for these benefits are accumulated as part of the net OPEB obligation. The following tables show the components of the annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation, as well as the amounts allocated to the Lottery:

	_	State total	Lottery allocation
	_	(In millions)	(In thousands)
Net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2013 Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to required contribution	\$	1,777.4 406.7 75.9 (68.8)	2,597.5 775.6 144.7 (131.2)
Net OPEB obligation before contributions	_	2,191.2	3,386.6
Employer contributions	_	202.6	386.4
Net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2014	\$_	1,988.6	3,000.2
		<u> </u>	

	_	State total	Lottery allocation
		(In millions)	(In thousands)
Net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2012 Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to required contribution	\$	1,581.4 397.8 67.5 (61.3)	2,221.9 762.3 129.4 (117.5)
Net OPEB obligation before contributions		1,985.4	2,996.1
Employer contributions	_	208.0	398.6
Net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2013	\$_	1,777.4	2,597.5

The Lottery's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation are as follows:

Fiscal year ended	Percentage of annual  Annual OPEB OPEB cost Net OPEB cost contributed obligation						
06/30/2012	\$	895,200	37.6%	\$	2,221,882		
06/30/2013		774,200	51.4		2,597,487		
06/30/2014		789,100	48.9		3,000,272		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2014 and 2013

# (12) Risk Management

The Lottery stipulates in its vendor contracts that the vendors carry various insurance coverage such as property (video gaming machines and online terminals, etc.), general liability, errors and omissions, automotive, and crimes. The Lottery's risks of losses related to workers' compensation, employee healthcare, automobile, and a portion of property and casualty claims are insured internally by the State.

#### (13) Commitments

The Lottery has entered into various contracts for services to be rendered relating principally to the operation of the Lottery's games. Under the gaming systems vendor contracts, the Lottery is committed to the vendors.

The Lottery is committed to 5.371% of online sales to its central system provider through February 2015 and 5.6% of instant sales through January 2015. For video lottery, the Lottery is committed to 1% to the central system provider through February 2015 and a range of 5.5% to 7.0% to the video lottery terminal providers through October 28, 2018. For video lottery terminals classified as electronic table games, the Lottery is committed to 10% to Bally/Shufflemaster through October 4, 2015 and 11% to Spielo through December 15, 2015, for roulette.



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# Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Vernon Kirk, Director of the Delaware State Lottery, and Tom Cook, Secretary of Finance, State of Delaware:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Delaware State Lottery (the Lottery), an enterprise fund of the State of Delaware, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014 and have issued our report thereon dated October 22, 2014.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Lottery's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lottery's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lottery's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lottery's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lottery's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Lottery's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Philadelphia, Pennsylvania October 22, 2014